#### §405.220

(b) To have documents subpoenaed, you must file a written request for a subpoena with us.

The written request must:

- (1) Identify the documents with sufficient detail to find them;
- (2) State the important facts that the document is expected to show; and
- (3) Indicate why these facts could not be shown without that document.
- (c) We will pay the cost of issuing the subpoena.
- (d) Within five days of receipt of a subpoena, the person against whom the subpoena is directed may ask us to withdraw or limit the scope of the subpoena, setting forth the reasons why the subpoena should be withdrawn or why it should be limited in scope.
- (e) Upon failure of any person to comply with a subpoena, the Office of the General Counsel may seek enforcement of the subpoena under section 205(e) of the Act.

### § 405.220 Decision by the Federal reviewing official.

- (a) The Federal reviewing official will make a decision based on all of the evidence. The written decision will explain in clear and understandable language the specific reasons for the decision, including an explanation as to why the Federal reviewing official agrees or disagrees with the rationale in the initial determination.
- (b) Before making his or her decision, the Federal reviewing official may consult with a medical, psychological, or vocational expert through the Medical and Vocational Expert System if the Federal reviewing official determines that such consultation is necessary. If the Federal reviewing official disagrees with the initial determination, or if you submit, or the Federal reviewing official otherwise obtains, new and material medical evidence, the Federal reviewing official will consult with a psychological medical orexpert through the Medical and Vocational Expert System before making a decision. At all times, the Federal reviewing official retains the authority to make the decision as to whether you are disabled under our rules.

# § 405.225 Notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision.

We will mail a written notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision to you at your last known address. We will inform you of your right to a hearing before an administrative law judge.

## § 405.230 Effect of the Federal reviewing official's decision.

The Federal reviewing official's decision is binding unless—

- (a) You request a hearing before an administrative law judge under §405.310 of this part within 60 days of the date you receive notice of the Federal reviewing official's decision and a decision is made by the administrative law judge,
- (b) The expedited appeals process is used, or
- (c) We revise the Federal reviewing official's decision under subpart G of this part.

### § 405.240 Sunset of this subpart.

- (a) If you filed a request for review by a Federal reviewing official and we transferred your claim to the Office of the Federal Reviewing Official on or before March 23, 2008, the Federal reviewing official will review and issue a decision on your claim.
- (b) If you have received an initial determination under subpart B of this part, we will process any request for additional administrative review not described in paragraph (a) of this section as either a request for reconsideration by the State agency or a request for hearing before an administrative law judge if your State uses the testing procedures under §§ 404.906 and 416.1406 of this chapter. In any hearing before an administrative law judge on your claim, and in any further review of your claim, we will follow the procedures in this part.
- (c) This subpart will no longer be effective the day after a Federal reviewing official issues a decision on the last of the claims accepted for review under paragraph (a) of this section.
- (d) If compelling evidence shows that the Federal reviewing official process is efficient, effective, and sustainable given available Agency resources, the